# Exercise 01 – IPv4 Addresses CMPE 151 Spring 2018

## Part 1: Calculating Subnet Information

For a host with address configuration 5.228.229.195/27, list the following:

- Binary representation:
- Network address.
- Subnet broadcast address.
- Range of host addresses.

For a host with address configuration 192.4.4.67/23, list the following:

- Binary representation:
- Network address.
- Subnet broadcast address.
- Range of host addresses.

# Part 2: FORWARDING TABLE LOOKUPS

Which of the following addresses matches this prefix?

- **PREFIX**: 32.0.0.0/4:
- ADDRESSES
  - **110.119.22.0**:
  - **46.209.10.0**:
  - o **5.0.1.0**:
  - **33.33.1.0**:
  - o **96.21.3.0**:

Which of the following IP prefixes does the IP address match? Which prefix would be used to forward a packet with this address?

- **ADDRESS:** 95.254.36.0
- PREFIXES
  - **95.254.46.0/20**:
  - o **95.254.37.0/24**:
  - o **95.254.36.0/24**:
  - o **95.254.40.0/23**:

Which of the prefixes in the list contains both addresses?

- ADDRESSES
  - 229.65.47.0 229.65.56.0
- PREFIXES
  - · 229.65.32.0/20:
  - · 229.65.49.0/20:
  - · 229.65.37.0/19:
  - o **229.65.35.0/21**:

#### Part 3: Subnet Overlapping

Can there be two different but overlapping IP address ranges, defined using the <address>/<mask length> notation, where neither contains the other? Prove your answer (if you say yes, give an example; if you say no, give a proof).

## Part 4: Routing Table – More Specific and Less Specific routes

Can a router's IP routing table contain both more specific route and a less specific route, both forwarding packets to different next hop routers? Explain why or why not? If yes, include why this may occur.